Social Determinants of Health in Cancer Care



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Essentials of Oncology, Solid Organ and Blood/Marrow Transplant Management for the Health Care Team Scottsdale, AZ • March, 14–15, 2022

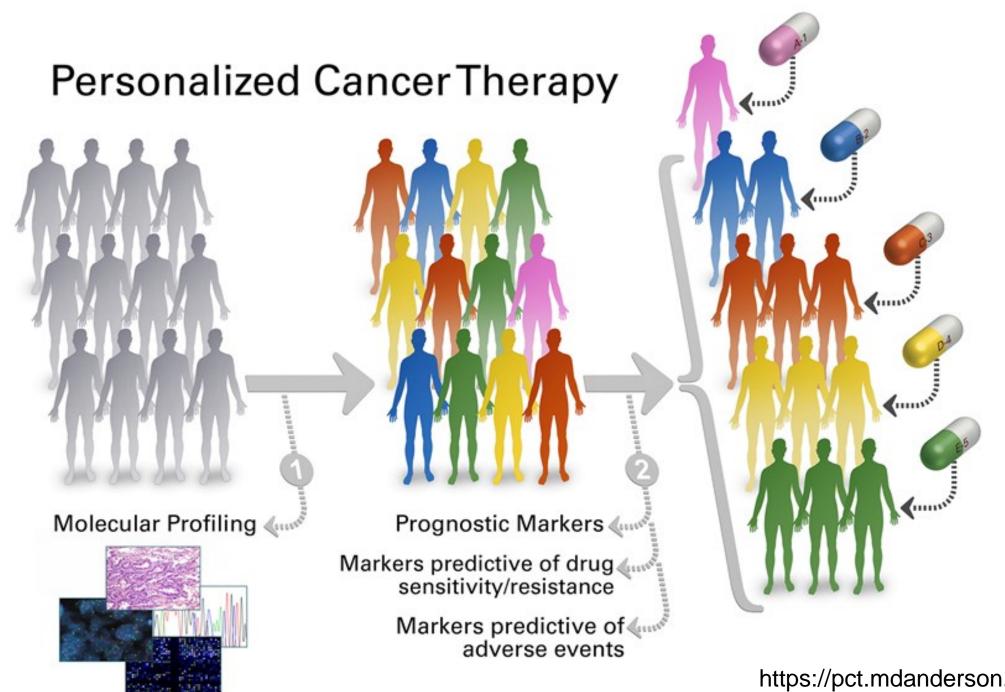
Learning Objectives:

Participants will be able to:

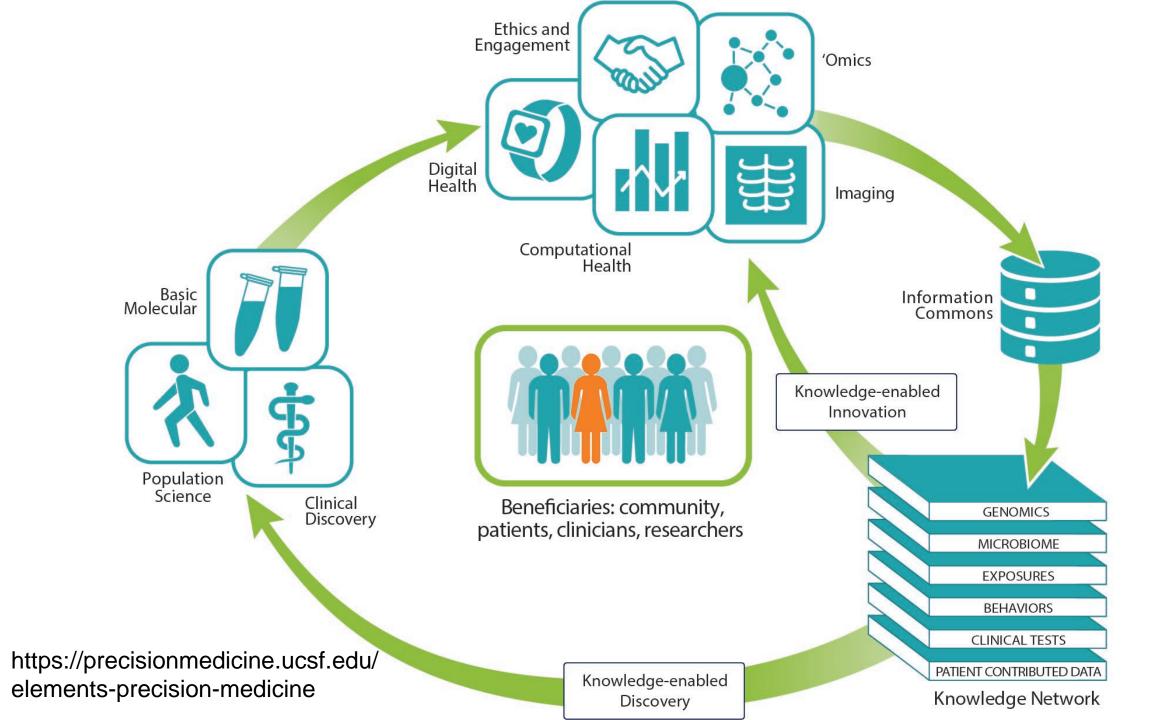
- Identify how SDOH status is strongly linked with cancer outcomes, morbidity and mortality.
- Discuss how less-favorable SDOH impacts many aspects of cancer treatment, including access to care, decision making, and financing, and review the barriers to cancer care that cause health inequities.
- Describe care models for cancer care from prevention and screening through treatment and end-of-life that can help to improve the health care disparities seen in cancer care.

PRECISION MEDICINE





https://pct.mdanderson.org/#/







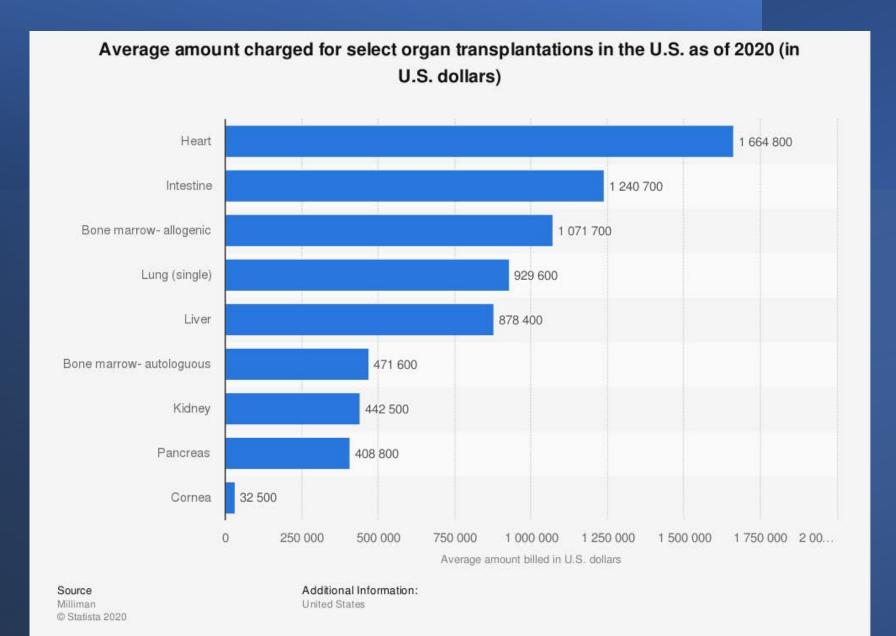




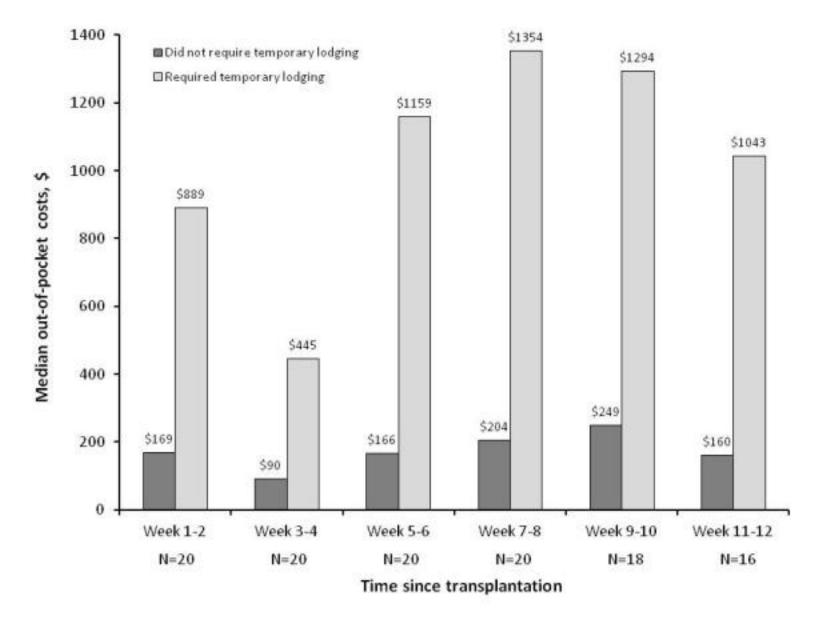
Patientcentered care



https://virginiagarcia.org/what-we-do/patient-centered-care/



Pilot Study of Patient and Caregiver Out-of-Pocket Costs of Allogeneic Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation



Majhail et al. Bone Marrow Transplant. 2013 Jun; 48(6): 865-871.

Social Determinants of Health (SDOH)

Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System	
Employment Income Expenses Debt Medical bills Support	Housing Transportation Safety Parks Playgrounds Walkability Zip code / geography	Literacy Language Early childhood education Vocational training Higher education	Hunger Access to healthy options	Social integration Support systems Community engagement Discrimination Stress	Health coverage Provider availability Provider linguistic and cultural competency Quality of care	
Health Outcomes Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care Expenditures, Health Status, Functional Limitations						



Greatest Predictor of Health

- Socioeconomic status
 - -Income
 - -Occupation
 - -Education

Children living in poverty are 7X more likely to have poor health



Practical Healthcare Barriers Among the Poor

- Lack finances to purchase needed health services and treatments (e.g., medications, diagnostic tests, health provider fees)
- Transportation difficulties (e.g., no car)
- Difficulties taking leave from work to seek care (e.g., no paid leave available, employer will not allow time off)
- Difficulties arranging childcare

Populations at Greatest Risk for Exclusion

Adolescent/Young Adult

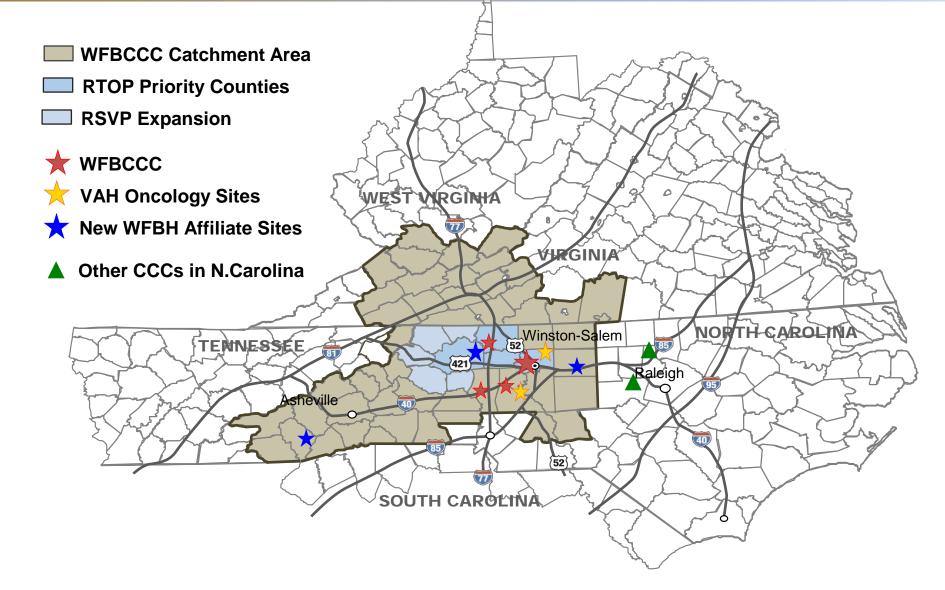
Older adults

Racial/Ethnic Minorities

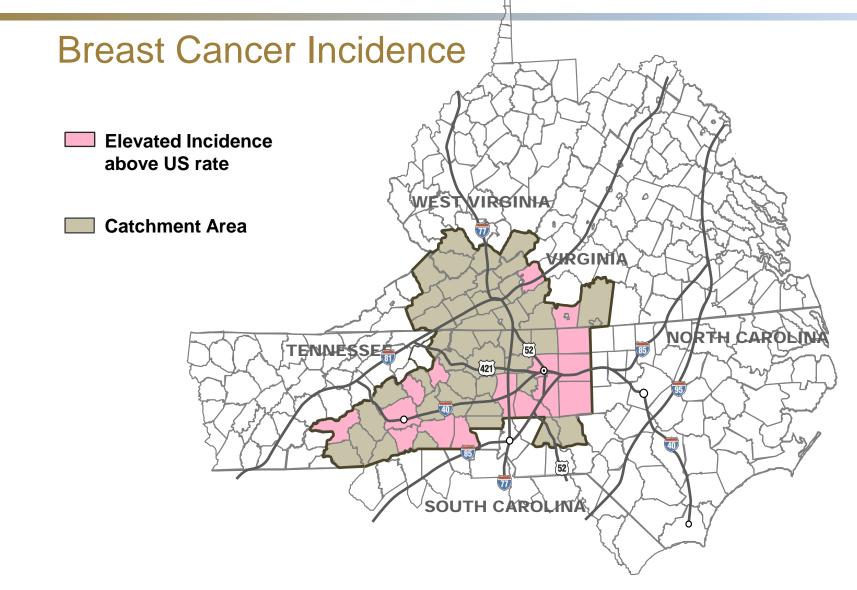
- Black/African-American
- Hispanic/Latino
- American Indian/Native Alaskan
- Rural
- LGBTQ+

Lower Socioeconomic Status

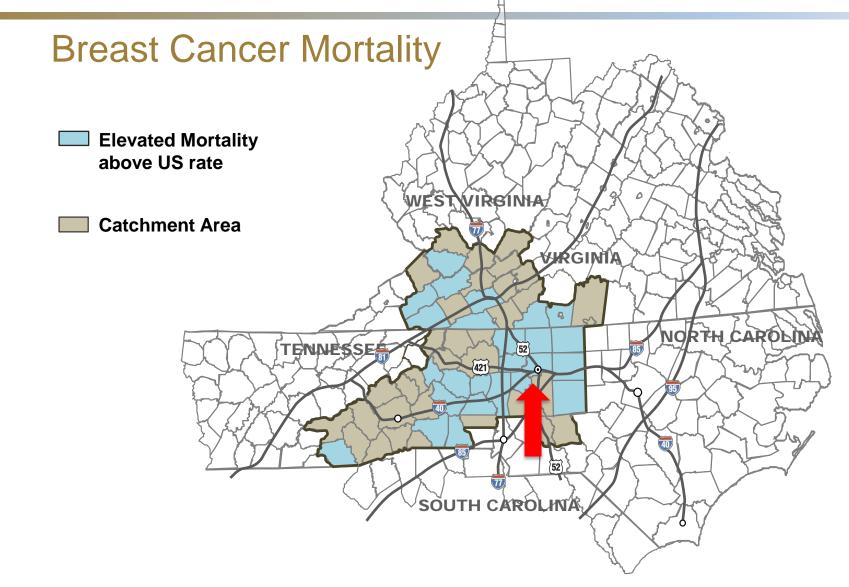
Wake Forest Baptist Comprehensive Cancer Center



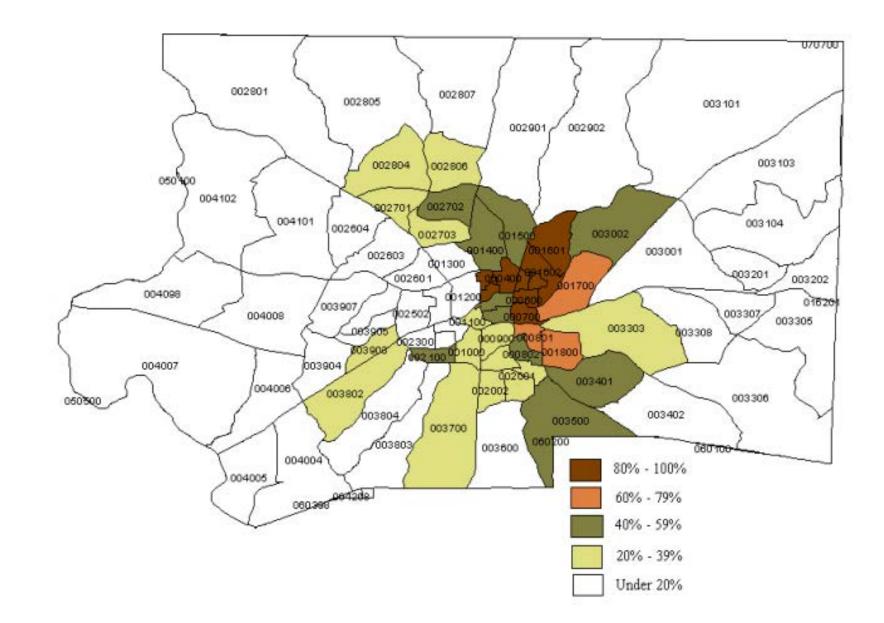
WFBCCC Catchment Area



WFBCCC Catchment Area

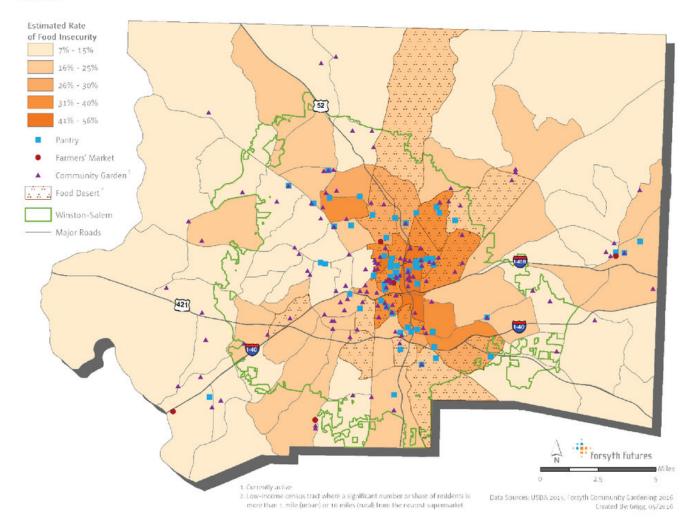


*Winston Salem, Forsyth County African American Population



Food Desserts

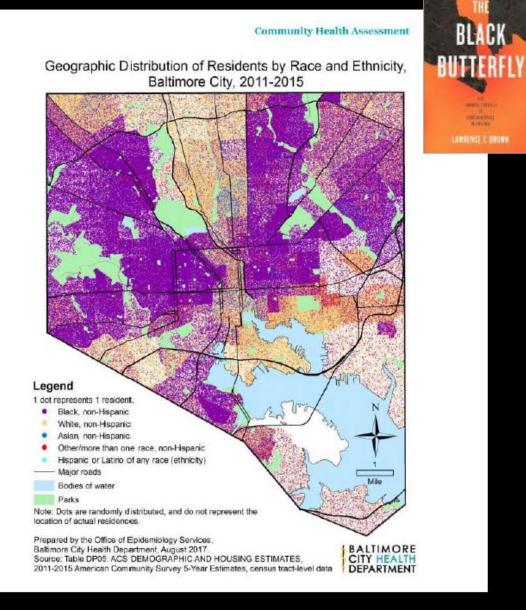
FIGURE 30:



White "L" & the Black Butterfly



Lawrence Brown, PhD Associate Professor School of Community Health & Policy Morgan State University

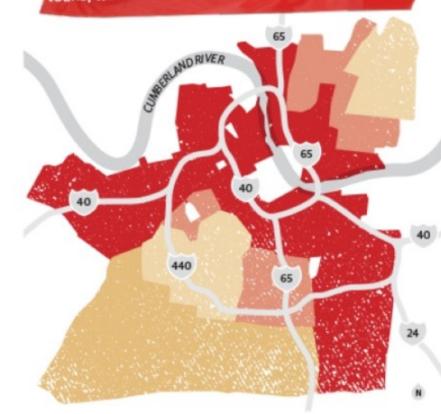




Slide stolen from Dr. Chuck Callahan



In the 1930s and 1940s, maps from the Home Owners' Loan Corporation with grades ranging from "best" to "hazardous" were used to guide investments and home loans. Areas where Black residents lived were likely to be termed riskier for loans, while white areas were deemed safer.



SOURCE: UNIVERSITY OF RICHMOND "MAPPING INEQUALITY"/ COMMUNITY IMPACT NEWSPAPER **COMPACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CO**

Best

These areas were typically white neighborhoods and would be deemed safest for investors to take on mortgage loans.

Still desirable

These areas were seen as still a conservative investment for home loans.

Definitely declining

This category refers to areas that were once "desirable" but may have seen an infiltration of people of color.

Hazardous

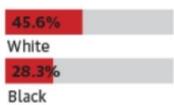
These areas were occupied by mainly Black residents and deemed risky. Lenders would often refuse to make home loans there.

2017 homeownership rates

75.8%	
White	
34.4%	
Black	

57.4%	
White	
52.7%	
Black	

55.1%	
White	
41.7%	
Black	



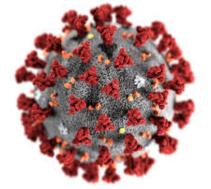
SOURCES: REDFIN, 2013-2017 5-YEAR AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY/COMMUNITY IMPACT NEWSPAPER

Communityimpact.com

SDOH Increase COVID-19 Risk

- Living Conditions
 - Densely populated
 - Racial Housing Segregation
 - Lack of safe transportation (public)
- Work Circumstances
 - "Essential worker"
 - No sick leave

- Health Circumstances
 - Lack of Insurance 2-3 times as likely to have no insurance
 - Underinsured
 - Not able to seek medical care due to cost
 - Chronic Conditions comorbidities
- Systemic inequities



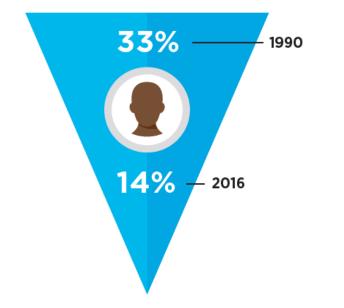


AACR CANCER DISPARITIES PROGRESS REPORT 2020

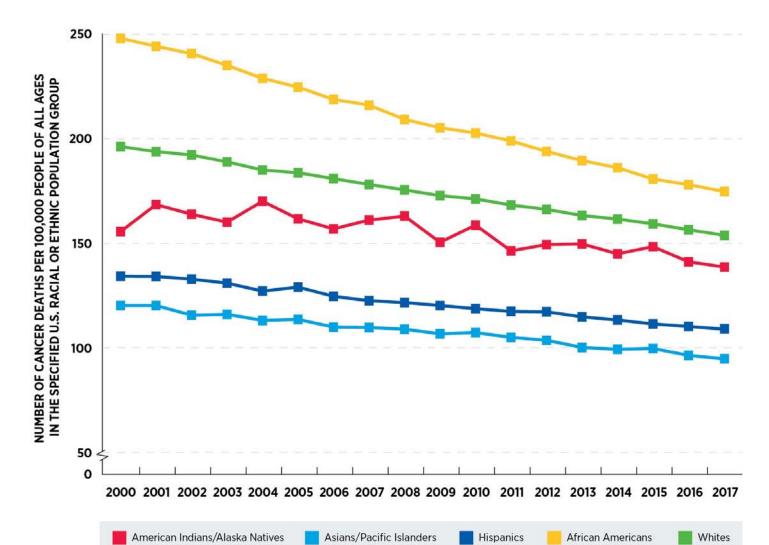
Achieving the Bold Vision of Health Equity for Racial and Ethnic Minorities and Other Underserved Populations



DECLINE IN DISPARITY FOR OVERALL CANCER DEATH RATE BETWEEN AFRICAN AMERICANS AND WHITES



Trends in Cancer Death Rates



Health Disparities: Nature vs. Nurture

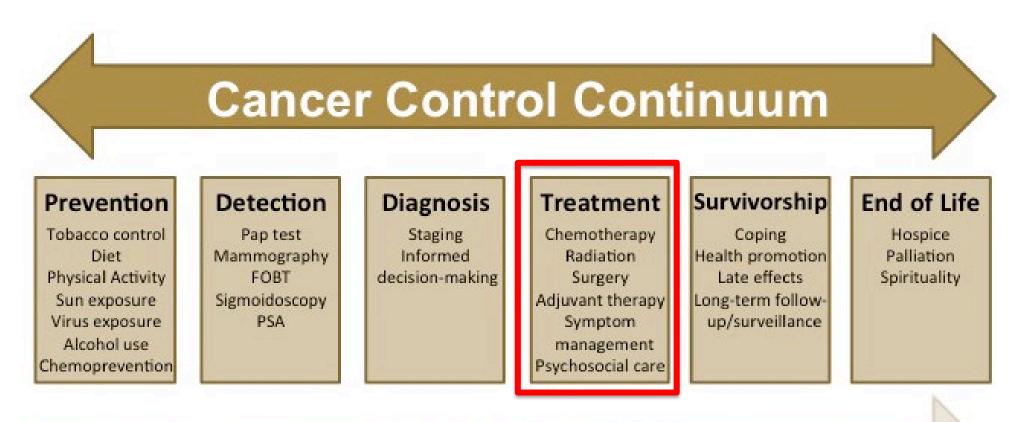
Biologic determinants

Social determinants

- Genetics
- Biology
- Comorbidities

- Socioeconomic status
- Access to care
- Sociocultural barriers

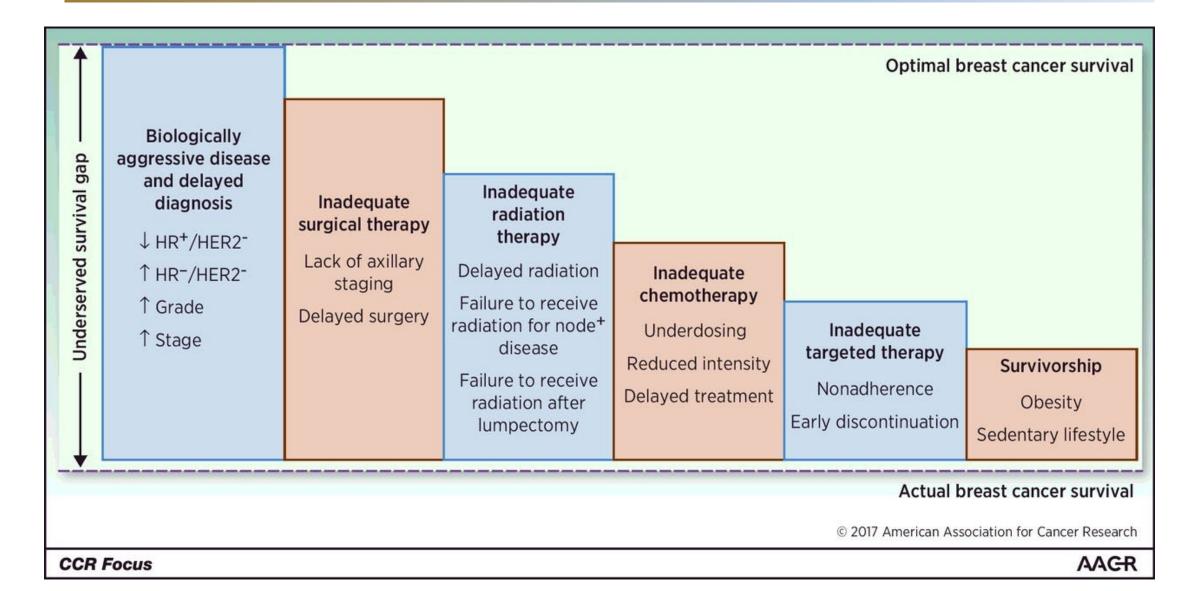
Barriers to Access Along the Cancer Continuum



Cross Cutting Issues Health equity, quality of care, communications, decision making

Adapted from the National Cancer Institute's figure The Cancer Control Continuum

Factors Contributing to Breast Cancer Disparities



Disparities in Oncotype Dx Use

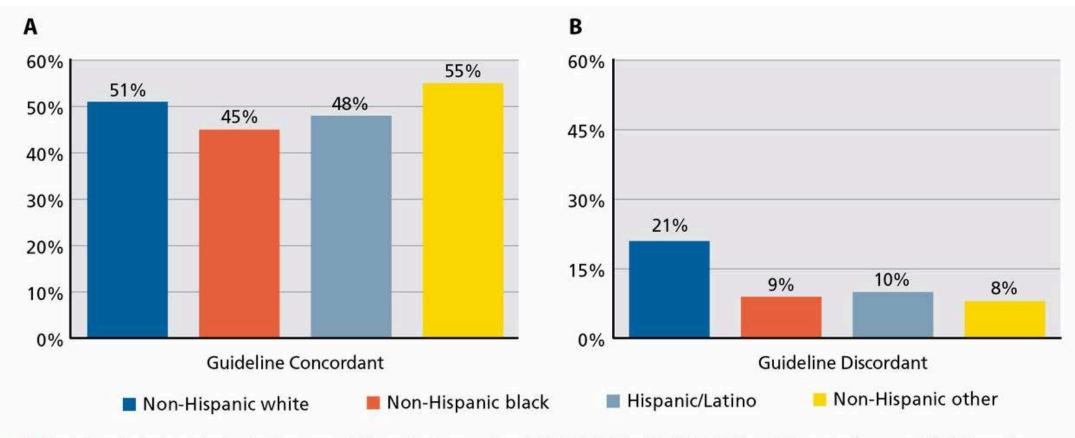


Figure 2. Racial and ethnic variation in Oncotype DX use in Connecticut (2011–2013) by NCCN Guideline (A) concordance and (B) discordance.

Davis et al. J Natl Compr Canc Netw. 2017 Mar;15(3):346-354.

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PRECISION Targeted Theraples Based on Molecular Diagnostics

PERSONALIZED Prevention and Treatment based on Environment, Lifestyle, and Genes Precision Medicine is science – a new wave evidence-based medici

Personalized Medicin is a practice – managing patient's care more holistically



 Glady, Gilbert. (2019). The Bio Immune(G)ene Medicine or How to Use a Maximum of Molecular Resources of the Cell for Therapeutic Purposes. Edelweiss Applied Science and Technology. 26-29. 10.33805/2576-8484.164.



Limited Access to Treatment

Dialysis 90 Chemotherapy 1263

Food Insecurity and the Impact on Health

According to the study *Hunger in America 2014*, which surveyed 60,000 Feeding America clients and 32,000 partner agencies:

More than **48 million** Americans lived in food insecure households in 2014.

24% of households had at least one member in poor health.

33% had a household member with diabetes.

66% of households had to choose between food and medical care.

58% had a household member with high blood pressure.

https://rachelcarsoncouncil.org/food-insecurity-environmental-justice-issue/

Physical Toxicity of Cancer Treatment

- Cognitive Impairment
- Pain/Neuropathy
- Fatigue
- Sexual dysfunction
- Fertility
- Secondary Cancer



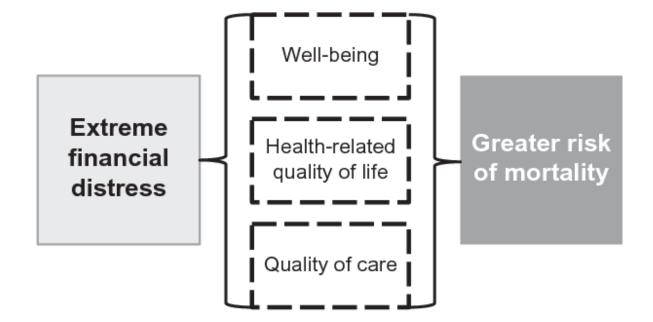
Emotional Toxicity of Cancer Toxicity

- Fear of recurrence
- Body image
- Relationships (friends, dating)
- Mental health
- Uncertainty about future
- Emotional numbress



Financial Toxicity of Cancer Toxicity

- Direct & Indirect Costs
 - Lack of Insurance
 - Underinsured
 - Workability
 - Employment discrimination
 - New job/Limited time off
 - Inability to get life insurance
 - Fertility treatments



Here are the numerous ways chronic stress can impact your body:



Hair Problems - Telogen effluvium (temporary hair loss) - Premature graying



Skin Problems

- Hormonal acne breakouts

- Rosacea, psoriasis and

eczema flareups - Shingles outbreak

Increased risk

for heart disease

Tension headaches



Insomnia (problems falling asleep or staying asleep)



Suppressed immune system



Back and muscle pain



R

62

- 2

Excess belly fat



Digestive problems

and bloating; and bowel issues)

Reproductive health - Men: Low sperm count

- Women: Ability to conceive;

irregular or missed periods

(increased sensitivity to pain





Frequent urge to urinate



Sexual dysfunction - Men: Erectile dysfunction - Women: Difficulty with sexual arousal and/or orgasm

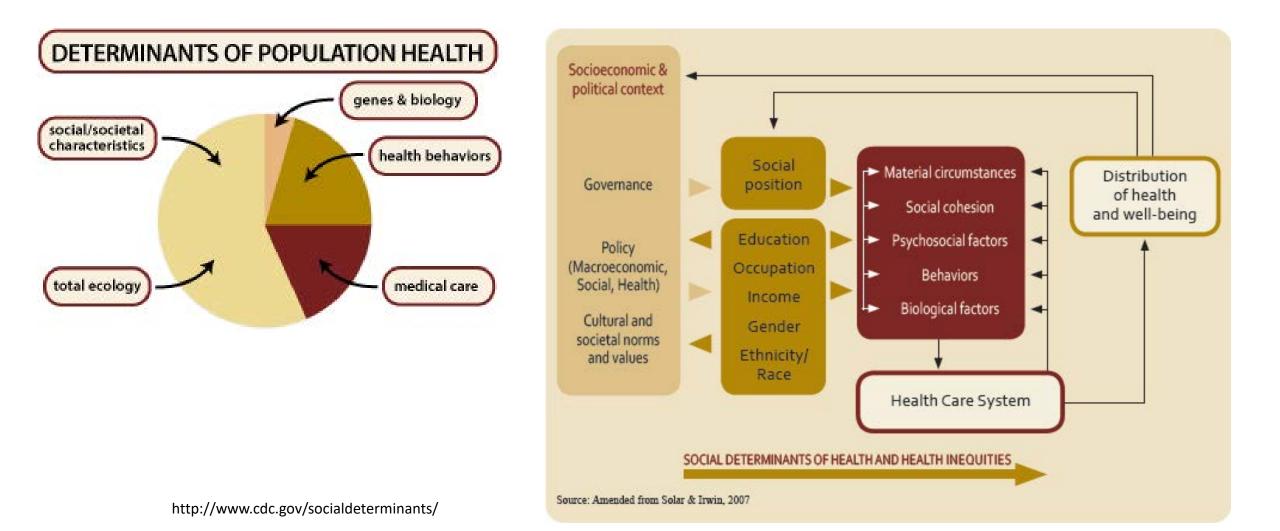


HOUSTON



SOURCES American Psychological Association | The American Institute of Stress | U.S. National Library of Medicine

Impact of SDOH on Health



Assembling the Right Team

- Social Workers
- Financial Counselors
- Navigators
- Community Health Workers
- Volunteers

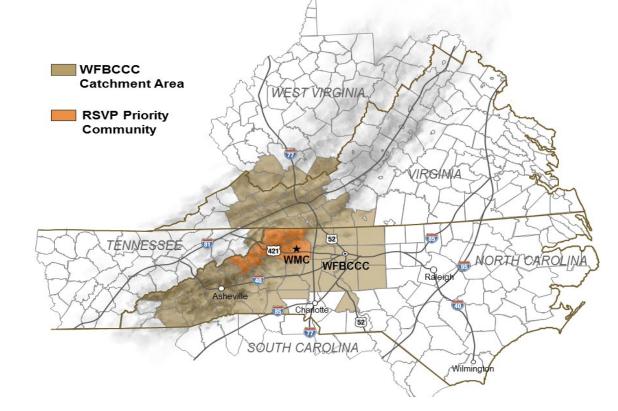
Engage the Community!!



Rural Survivorship Navigation Program (RSVP)

6 counties in Northwest NC:

- Alleghany
- Ashe
- Avery
- Mitchell
- Watauga
- Wilkes



<u>Aims</u>:

- 1. Enhance our *understanding* of the *needs of rural cancer patients and survivors* along the cancer continuum
- 2. Address gaps via a rural *population health navigator*
- 3. Build community capacity for future CPC research by *developing collaborations* with community stakeholders and regional medical providers

RSVP: Community Assessment

Provider Needs

- Patient barriers: transportation, poverty, lack of resources
- PCP needs: education; better communication with specialists

Community Survey

- 80% agree there are so many different recommendations on preventing cancer, not sure which ones to follow
- 63% never screened for colon cancer
- 80% of men have never been screened for prostate cancer
- 36% of women have never had a mammogram
- 56% agree that it seems like everything causes cancer



E. Copus, MSW Patient Navigator- Rural

RSVP: Survivor Assessment

Barriers:

- Cost of healthcare
- Help with paperwork/forms
- Meeting needs of other family members

Primary care:

- Average mileage to PCP- 21 miles
- Oncologist identified as main doctor for cancer-related care

Needed education:

- Nutrition/diet
- Decreasing risk of recurrence
- Cancer related follow-up tests to have
- Support/peer group

E. Copus, MSW Patient Navigator- Rural



RSVP: Community Engagement

Partners

Allura USA

American Cancer Society- Wilkes

Care Connection Pharmacy- Wilkes

Novant Oncology Clinic- Wilkes

Seby B. Jones Cancer Center- Watauga

Surry County Health Department

RCCOP Stakeholder Advisory Committee

Tyson Foods

Wilkes County Health Department (FQHC)

Wilkes Multidisciplinary Team

Wilkes Medical Center

Wilkes YMCA- Livestrong

- Environmental scan
- Stakeholder Advisory Committee
- 24 primary care teams
- ACS/Wilkes Relay for Life



Wake Forest Baptist Health: Population Health Navigation





M. Alejandra Combs, JD Patient Navigator - Hispanic

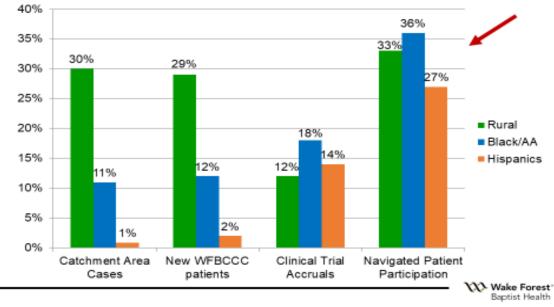


Patient Navigator- Rural



A. Daniels, MS Patient Navigator - African

Clinical Trial Participation

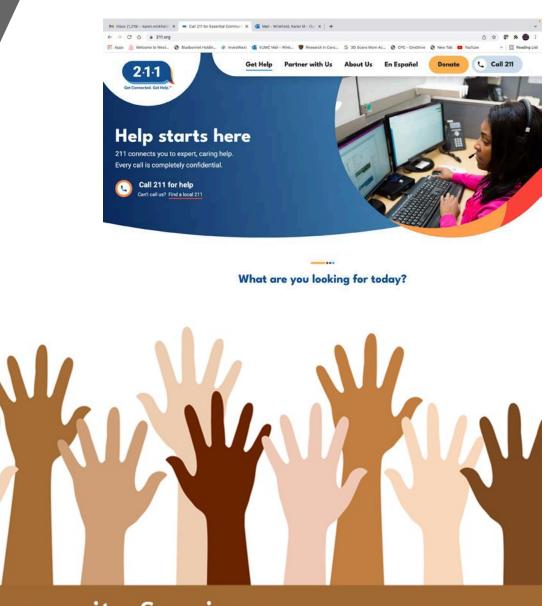


Strom C, Combs MA, Weaver KE, Ruiz J, Winkfield K. *Hispanic Patient Navigation: Improving Cancer Care & Clinical Trial Participation*. Advancing the Science of Cancer in Latinos. Poster Presentation. February 22, 2018. San Antonio, TX.

Barriers navigation can eliminate

- Financial barriers (including uninsured and under insured)
- Communication barriers (such as lack of understanding, language/cultural)
- Medical system barriers (fragmented medical system, missed appointments, lost results)
- Psychological barriers (such as fear and distrust)
- Other barriers (such as transportation and need for child care)

Leveraging community services to enhance provision of comprehensive cancer care



Community Services

Development of an Actionable Framework to Address Cancer Care Disparities in Medically Underserved Populations in the United States: Expert Roundtable Recommendations

Stakeholders who implement this framework.



Health care leaders, patient advocate groups, community outreach leaders, communitybased organizations, lay, nurse and clinical navigators, researchers, industry, govt and policy leaders

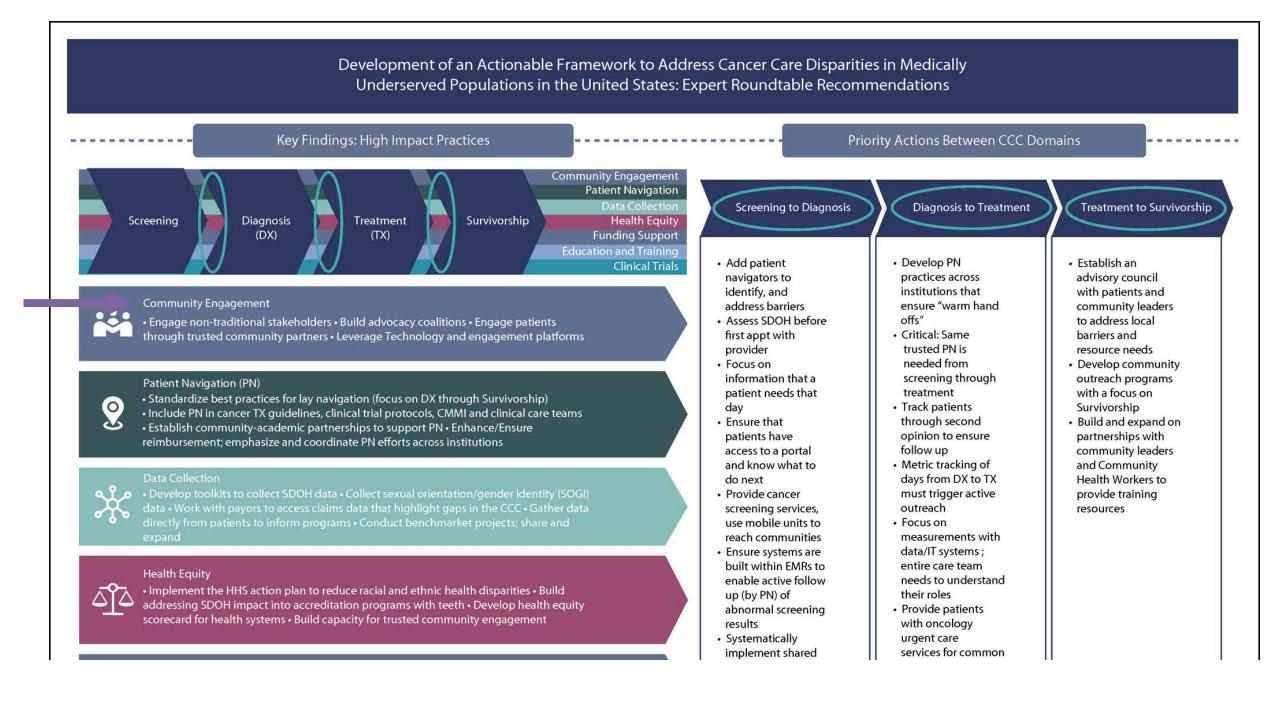
Medically underserved populations.



Racial/ethnic minority groups, rural populations, aged, adolescent/young adult], LGBTQ, differently-abled, immigrants and refugees, and under and uninsured communities.



Winkfield KM et al., Journal of Oncology Practice. Jan 19, 2021. Open access and online@ https://ascopubs.org/journal/op





\$15,699,071

medication & financial assistance provided & secured for breast and ovarian cancer patients because of your help!



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WELLNES GROUPS!

- Art & Wellness
- Blood Cancer
- GI Cancer
- GYN Cance
- Breast Cancer
- Sobrevivientes

Department of Public Health

Insurance

Screening

NORTH CAROLINA

Comprehensive

Transportation

Cancer Program

...to ease the burden of cancer

 The Official Website of the Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS)

 Health and Human Services

 Departments & Divisions

 A-Z Topic Index
 Health Care & Insurance

 Home > Government Agencies > Departments & Divisions > Public Health > Bureaus and Programs

> Comprehensive Cancer Prevention & Control Network

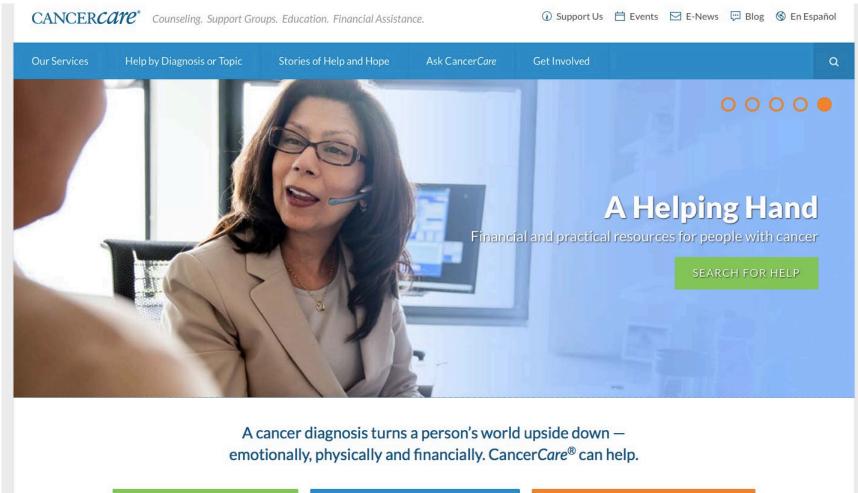
Comprehensive Cancer Prevention & Control Network



NATIONAL Breast & Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program

SCREENING WOMEN, SAVING LIVES

National Organizations: CancerCare



OR PATIENTS & SURVIVORS

FOR CAREGIVERS & LOVED ONES

FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS

www.cancercare.org

American Cancer Society

CANCER A-Z STAY HEALTHY **TREATMENT & SUPPORT**

OUR RESEARCH PROGRAMS

GET INVOLVED ABOUT US Q



Understanding Your Diagnosis

How is a cancer diagnosis made and what does it mean? Find out here.



Finding & Paying for Treatment

Have questions about finding the right healthcare team for you? Get answers here.



Treatment & Side Effects

Get details on treatments like surgery, chemotherapy, radiation and more.



Children & Cancer

Learn how a cancer diagnosis in a family with children can have unique challenges.



For Caregivers & Family

Find out what to expect when you take care of someone with cancer.

www.cancer.org



Nearing the End of Life

care and dealing with loss.

 \sim

Get all the information you need about hospice



Clinical Trials: Lazarex Cancer Foundation



At Lazarex Cancer Foundation we improve patient access to cancer clinical trials. With your support, every day at Lazarex is the equivalent of 14 months of life for our patients.







www.lazarex.org

Events

A NATIONAL AFRICAN AMERICAN BREAST CANCER SURVIVORSHIP ORGANIZATION



- » Breast Cancer Social Network 91
- » Combined Federal Campaign



- » Health Videos Health powered by BlackHealth
- » National Brochures
- » News You Can Use
- » Photo Gallery
- » Resources Ribbon Nav
- » Stop the Silence® Walk
- » Volunteer Information
- Webinars

DID YOU KNOW? 🚴

Breast Cancer Assistance Program (BCAP)

EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2017, The New Guidelines for the Breast Cancer Assistant Program will provide financial assistance for the following:

- Utilities
- Medical accessories (prosthesis, medical bras and compression arm sleeves)

Sisters Network® Inc. national Breast Cancer Assistance Program (BCAP) was established in 2006. BCAP provides assistance to breast cancer survivors, currently in treatment and facing financial challenges. Financial assistance is paid directly to third party providers and cover medical accessories, utilities, mammograms and ultrasounds.

BREAST CANCER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (BCAP) APPLICATION SCREENING MAMMOGRAM APPLICATION

2016 BCAP Sponsors



Somos Latinas Contra Cancer

Our mission is to create an inclusive health care system that provides services to the underserved Latino population around issues of cancer

LATINAS

CANCER

DONATE

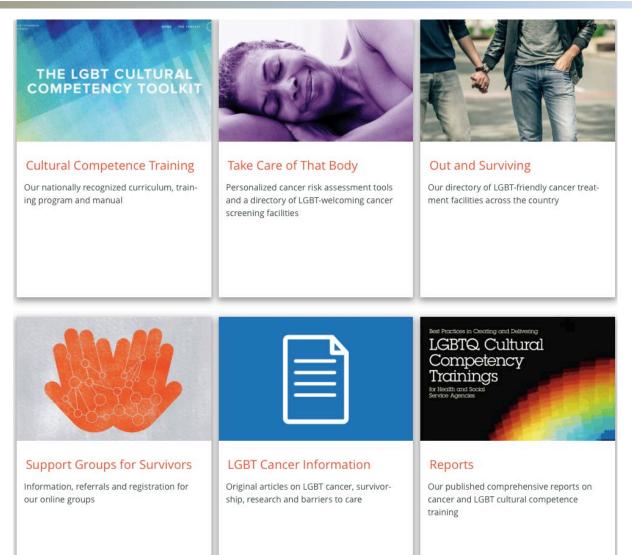
LatinasContraCancer.org

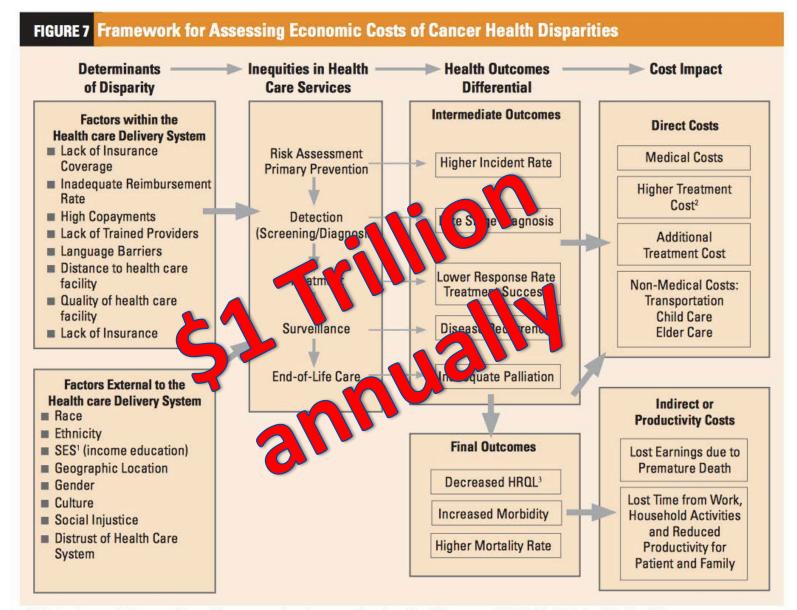
English

Culturally Tailored: Sexual & Gender Minorities

National LGBTQ Cancer Network

http://cancer-network.org





¹ SES- Socioeconomic Status ² Stage IV cancers may have lower cost than Stage II and III cancer ³ HRQL – Health Related Quality of Life

Your Advocacy Matters



Awareness

- Get to know the community you serve
- Understand the social context of your patients
- Identify care gaps at your institution

Advocacy

- Policy Matters!!
- Resource allocation decisions:
 - Political, economic, and social systems
 - Institutions

Action!!!



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SINCE 1999

Thank you!!

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